






Year 3		HISTORY Autumn 1			The Stone Age			
Conflict/resolution		Democracy		Lifestyle		Technology		
Key Vocabulary								
Sacred: a place or object that has a religious meaning.		Monument: Something that you built to help people remember an important event or person.		Preserve: to do something to save or to protect a place or an object.		Communication: to share information with other people.		
Weapons: an object that is used for killing or hurting people or animals.		Settlement: a place where people have come to live and have built their homes.		Resourceful: finding a quick or clever way to solve a difficult problem		Transported: to take people or goods from one place to another in a vehicle.		
Statutory Words	build	circle	history	Forage: to search a large area for food or other objects such as sticks.		Symbol: A number, letter or shape that means something.		
material	natural	caught	various	Gatherer: a person that collects things together for a reason.		Archaeologist: a person who looks at objects and buildings from the past.		
Who were the Stone Age people? 		What weapons did the Stone Age people use? 		How did the Stone Age people live? 		To understand what Stonehenge is? 		How do we know how the Stone Age people communicated? 
Did you know? The Stone Age is the name given to the earliest period of human life when stone tools were first used. In Britain, the Stone Age was around 12,000 years ago. They hunted animals for meat, caught fish in rivers and foraged for food such as berries, nuts and fruits. That's why they were called hunter-gatherers.		Did you know? Tools and weapons were made of stone but also of wood, bone, leather and vegetable fibres. Flint was commonly used for making stone tools but other stones such as chert and obsidian were also used.		Did you know? Some houses were built from stone, shells, animal bones and mud. Houses were usually round so that they were stable. Some early humans sheltered from the cold in caves or built a circular structure made from wooden posts and covered in animal skin – like a teepee. They lived in settlements. They used the dead animals to make clothes and shelter and preserved them and were resourceful in using all the parts of the animal.		Did you know? Stonehenge is one of the world's most famous monuments built over many hundreds of years. We may never know exactly why Stonehenge was built, but people probably gathered there for religious sacred ceremonies. The stones were transported to the building site and placed in a circular shape. The only tools the builders had were made of stone, wood and rope! Only a few stones are left standing today.		Did you know? Symbols have been found alongside cave paintings found by archaeologists. The symbols suggest there was a possible communication system in place 30,000 years ago.

