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| **Year 4** | | | | | **Autumn 1** | | | | | **Judaism – Why are they having a Jewish party?** | | |
| **beliefs, teachings and sources** | | | | | **practices and ways of life** | | | | | **forms of expression** | | |
| **Key Vocabulary** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Judaism** - the religion of Jewish people. | | | **Jew** - a person belonging to the worldwide religion of Judaism. | | | | | **Shanah Tovah** – is said during the festival of Rosh Hashanah and means ‘Good year’. | | | **festival** - a day or time of year when people celebrate a special event. | |
| **celebrate** – a joyful occasion for special festivities to mark some happy event. | | | **sukkah** – a temporary home that Jewish people build during the festival of Sukkot. | | | | | **Rosh Hashanah** - the festival celebrating the Jewish New Year. | | | **shofar** - A ram’s horn sounded in the synagogue. | |
| **Synagogue** - A building where Jewish people meet to worship or study their religion. | | | **Sukkot -** A Jewish festival celebrating the sheltering of the Israelites in the wilderness. | | | | | **Purim** - a festival to remember the Jewish people living in Persia who were saved by the courage of a young Jewish woman called Esther. | | | **remember** - if you remember people or events from the past, you still have an idea of them in your mind and you are able to think about them. | |
| **Statutory Words** | believe | special | important | | | surprise | remember | **menorah** – seven-branch candlestick lit during Hanukkah. | | | **ancestors** - someone from whom you are descended (but usually more distant than a grandparent). | |
| **What is Rosh Hashanah?** | | | | **Why Are Jews Remembering At Their Festival of Sukkot?** | | | | | **What Are Jews Celebrating At Their Festival of Hanukkah?** | | | **Why Are They Having a Jewish Festival** c**alled Purim?** |
| **Rosh Hashanah is the Jewish New Year which is celebrated during early autumn.**  It is a time to think about the way they behave and what they have been like during the last year. They also think about ways to be a better person.  The shofar is blown in the synagogue.  There are special foods for Rosh Hashanah. Apples and bread dipped in honey represents a sweet new year to come. Challah bread is often baked into round creations to symbolise the circle of life. | | | | **Jewish people remember their ancestors who escaped from slavery in ancient Egypt and were on their way to a land of their own – Israel.**  **They had to cross the wilderness and their journey took 40 years**.  The festival of Sukkot dates back 3000 years.  Jewish people build a sukkah to live in to feel what it might have been like for their ancestors. | | | | | The festival of Hanukkah falls in winter and lasts for 8 days.  **Jewish people remember a story that happened almost 2200 years ago when ancient Syrians wanted the Jews to give up their religion but the Maccabees (a group of jewish people) fought back.**  The main celebration is lighting candles or ol lamps every evening.  This festival is about standing up for yourself, your people and your religion. | | | Purim is clebrated in March.  **Jewish people remember the story of Esther, the Jewish woman who married the king of Persia a long time ago. When all the Jews were going to be killed, she acted in a clever and courageous wasy to save them.**  Haman plotted to kill the Jews of Persia.  The story of Esther is read aloud in the synagogue from a special scroll. |